

# Unit 11. 관계대명사



[1~4] 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 고르시오.

1 Mrs. Harris has a son \_\_\_\_\_ is a doctor.

- ① who            ② what            ③ whom
- ④ which        ⑤ whose

2 The bike \_\_\_\_\_ I loved was stolen.

- ① who            ② what            ③ whom
- ④ which        ⑤ whose

3 \_\_\_\_\_ I want is your advice.

- ① who            ② that            ③ what
- ④ which        ⑤ whose

4 The little girl \_\_\_\_\_ doll was lost is sad.

- ① who            ② that            ③ what
- ④ which        ⑤ whose

[5~6] 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 넣어 대화를 완성하시오.

5 A: Is this the smartphone which you bought yesterday?  
B: Yes, this phone is \_\_\_\_\_ I bought yesterday.

- ① who            ② that            ③ what
- ④ which        ⑤ whose

6 A: Who broke the machine \_\_\_\_\_ I made?  
B: It was Jeremy.

- ① that            ② who            ③ what
- ④ whom        ⑤ whose

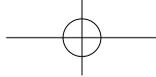
[7~8] 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장을 고르시오.

- 7
- ① The fruit which I bought is on the table.
  - ② Do you know the girl to who he's talking?
  - ③ His friend who is a lawyer lives in Scotland.
  - ④ I tried to finish the work, which was impossible.
  - ⑤ I didn't like what my brother bought at the store.
- 8
- ① This is the house that Cindy lives in.
  - ② I saw a sick animal whose life was in danger.
  - ③ The bottles that are lying on the floor are green.
  - ④ A hat is a thing which people wear on their heads.
  - ⑤ Natasha is the most beautiful woman who I've ever met.

[9~10] 다음 우리말을 영어로 바르게 옮긴 것을 고르시오.

9 저 차는 내가 이야기했던 그것이다.

- ① That car is the one that I talked about.
- ② That car is the one who I talked about.
- ③ That car is the one whose I talked about.
- ④ That car is the one whom I talked about.
- ⑤ That car is the one, that I talked about.



10 이것은 내가 갖고 싶어하는 것이 아니다.

- ① This is not that I wanted to have.
- ② This is not what I wanted to have.
- ③ This is not which I wanted to have.
- ④ This is not whose I wanted to have.
- ⑤ This is not whom I wanted to have.

11 다음 보기의 밑줄 친 부분과 쓰임이 같은 것은?

보기 | That's just what I was thinking.

- ① What is your favorite song?
- ② What time shall we make it?
- ③ I really don't know what to do.
- ④ I didn't understand what he said.
- ⑤ Tell me what books you bought yesterday.

[12~13] 우리말과 일치하도록 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 고르시오.

12 나는 우리가 묵었던 호텔이 생각이 안 난다.  
 I cannot remember the hotel \_\_\_\_\_ we stayed at.

- ① who            ② that            ③ what
- ④ whose        ⑤ whom

13 나는 영화감상이 취미인 한 소년을 만났다.  
 I met a boy \_\_\_\_\_ hobby is watching movies.

- ① that            ② what            ③ whom
- ④ which        ⑤ whose

[14~15] 빈칸에 공통으로 들어갈 관계대명사를 쓰시오.

14 • A person \_\_\_\_\_ has a lot of friends is happy.  
 • Look at the cat \_\_\_\_\_ my brother brought here.

15 • My brother, \_\_\_\_\_ is a lawyer, is a baseball lover.  
 • Yesterday I called our friend Julie, \_\_\_\_\_ lives in New York.

[16~18] 다음 중 어법상 어색한 곳을 찾아 바르게 고치시오.

16 The country to that he went is very hot.

17 She didn't say anything, that made me angry.

18 I don't like that she gave to me for a present.

[19~20] 다음 두 문장을 관계대명사를 이용하여 한 문장으로 쓰시오.

19 Mike repaired the clock. He broke the clock yesterday.

20 The girl is my sister. The girl is waiting at the bus stop.

## Unit 12. 관계부사



[1~4] 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 고르시오.

- 1 The town \_\_\_\_\_ she was born was near sea.
- ① how      ② why      ③ who  
④ when      ⑤ where

- 2 There were times \_\_\_\_\_ I didn't know what to do.
- ① why      ② how      ③ when  
④ which      ⑤ where

- 3 Tell me \_\_\_\_\_ you don't study hard.
- ① how      ② why      ③ who  
④ what      ⑤ when

- 4 This is \_\_\_\_\_ Mike learned English.
- ① how      ② who      ③ that  
④ what      ⑤ when

[5~6] 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 넣어 대화를 완성하십시오.

- 5 A: Will you tell me the reason \_\_\_\_\_ she left?  
B: I have no idea.
- ① who      ② why      ③ that  
④ what      ⑤ when

- 6 A: Does Mr. Taylor work in that place?  
B: Yes, that's the place \_\_\_\_\_ he works.
- ① in which      ② of which      ③ on which  
④ for which      ⑤ from which

[7~8] 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장을 고르시오.

- 7 ① This is the house where he lived.  
② This is the office where they work.  
③ This is how they fixed the machine.  
④ Monday is the day when people are busy.  
⑤ Will you tell me the reason where she left?
- 8 ① That was how the hot dog got its name.  
② I don't know the way how she solved the problem.  
③ I know the reason for which he didn't come.  
④ The Farmers is a shop where you can buy vegetables.  
⑤ August is the month when I go on vacation.

[9~10] 다음 우리말을 영어로 바르게 옮긴 것을 고르시오.

- 9 나는 버스가 몇 시에 오는지 모른다.
- ① I don't know the way how the bus comes.  
② I don't know the time when the bus comes.  
③ I don't know the reason why the bus comes.  
④ I don't know the place where the bus comes.  
⑤ I don't know the choice which the bus comes.
- 10 이것이 우리 엄마가 김치를 담그는 방법이다.
- ① This is the way my mom makes kimchi.  
② This is how the way my mom makes kimchi.  
③ This is the way why my mom makes kimchi.  
④ This is the way how my mom makes kimchi.  
⑤ This is the way when my mom makes kimchi.



11 다음 보기의 밑줄 친 부분과 쓰임이 다른 것은?

보기 | This is the house where she lives.

- ① This is the church where Amy goes.
- ② Mike visited the town where he was born.
- ③ They didn't know where their parents were.
- ④ She went to London where she received some training.
- ⑤ She led them to her place where she gave them food.

12 두 문장을 한 문장으로 바르게 연결한 것은?

I don't remember the day. Mr. Garcia left Chicago on the day.

- ① I don't remember the day how Mr. Garcia left Chicago.
- ② I don't remember the day where Mr. Garcia left Chicago.
- ③ I don't remember the day on why Mr. Garcia left Chicago.
- ④ I don't remember the day on which Mr. Garcia left Chicago.
- ⑤ I don't remember the day for which Mr. Garcia left Chicago.

[13~14] 우리말과 일치하도록 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 고르시오.

13 나는 팀이 어디 사는지 안다.  
 I know the house \_\_\_\_\_ Tim lives.

- ① why            ② how            ③ when
- ④ which        ⑤ where

14 그녀가 왜 울었는지 그 이유를 아나요?  
 Do you know the reason \_\_\_\_\_ she cried?

- ① why            ② how            ③ what
- ④ when         ⑤ which

[15~16] 빈칸에 공통으로 들어갈 관계대명사를 쓰시오.

15 • Earth Day is the day \_\_\_\_\_ people think about the environment.  
 • Spring is the season \_\_\_\_\_ the plants start to grow again.

16 • That's \_\_\_\_\_ British people speak English.  
 • That's \_\_\_\_\_ I cook rice.

[17~18] 다음 중 어법상 어색한 곳을 찾아 바르게 고치시오.

17 I still remember the day for which he returned home.

18 I don't know the reason how she hates me.

[19~20] 다음 두 문장을 관계대명사를 이용하여 한 문장으로 쓰시오.

19 This is the store. You can buy newspapers there.

20 The year was 2002. The World Cup was held in Korea at that time.

# Unit 13. 복합관계사



[1~4] 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 고르시오.

1 \_\_\_\_\_ comes to the door, ask them to wait.

- ① However    ② Whoever    ③ Whatever
- ④ Whenever    ⑤ Whichever

2 I will cook \_\_\_\_\_ you like.

- ① however    ② whoever    ③ whatever
- ④ wherever    ⑤ whenever

3 Wendy was there for me \_\_\_\_\_ I needed her.

- ① whoever    ② whatever    ③ wherever
- ④ whenever    ⑤ whichever

4 \_\_\_\_\_ angry she is, she doesn't yell out.

- ① However    ② Whoever    ③ Whatever
- ④ Wherever    ⑤ Whichever

[5~6] 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 넣어 대화를 완성하시오.

5 A: What are you going to wear for the party?  
B: I'll wear \_\_\_\_\_ you want me to wear.

- ① whoever    ② whatever    ③ wherever
- ④ whenever    ⑤ whichever

6 A: What's the rule of this game?  
B: \_\_\_\_\_ team scores the most points wins.

- ① However    ② Whoever    ③ Whatever
- ④ Whenever    ⑤ Whichever

[7~8] 다음 중 어법상 어색한 문장을 고르시오.

- 7 ① Whatever she says is true.  
② Take whichever one you want.  
③ Whoever called just now was very rude.  
④ He interrupts me wherever I start to speak.  
⑤ However much she eats, she never gains weight.
- 8 ① Whenever we organize a picnic, it rains.  
② Whoever opened the gate didn't close it.  
③ Whoever rich he is, he doesn't get her love.  
④ Don't get upset whatever he says.  
⑤ She'll be happy wherever she lives.

[9~10] 다음 우리말을 영어로 바르게 옮긴 것을 고르시오.

9 \_\_\_\_\_ 그가 어디에 있더라도 나는 그를 찾을 것이다.

- ① Whoever he may be, I will find him.
- ② Whatever he may be, I will find him.
- ③ Wherever he may be, I will find him.
- ④ Whenever he may be, I will find him.
- ⑤ Whichever he may be, I will find him.

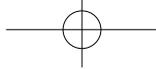
10 아무리 늦더라도 내게 꼭 전화해라.

- ① However late you are, be sure to call me.
- ② Whoever late you are, be sure to call me.
- ③ Whatever late you are, be sure to call me.
- ④ Whenever late you are, be sure to call me.
- ⑤ Whichever late you are, be sure to call me.

11 빈칸에 들어갈 관계사로 알맞은 것은?

You will succeed \_\_\_\_\_ you go.

- ① whoever    ② whomever    ③ wherever
- ④ whenever    ⑤ whatever



**[12~14]** 우리말과 일치하도록 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 고르시오.

**12** 그 노래를 들을 때마다 나는 고향을 생각한다.  
ⓐ \_\_\_\_\_ I listen to that song, I think of my hometown.

- ① Whoever    ② Wherever    ③ Whatever
- ④ Whenever    ⑤ Whichever

**13** 아무리 피곤해도 숙제는 해야만 한다.  
ⓐ \_\_\_\_\_ tired you are, you must do your homework.

- ① However    ② Wherever    ③ Whatever
- ④ Whenever    ⑤ Whichever

**14** 갖고 싶은 것은 무엇이든지 내게 말해봐라.  
ⓐ Tell me \_\_\_\_\_ you want to have.

- ① whoever    ② wherever    ③ whatever
- ④ whenever    ⑤ whichever

**[15~16]** 빈칸에 공통으로 들어갈 관계사를 쓰시오.

**15** • Since he is rich, he can travel \_\_\_\_\_ he wants to.  
• \_\_\_\_\_ you go, you should call me often.

**16** • \_\_\_\_\_ much money you have, you can't buy happiness.  
• \_\_\_\_\_ tired you may be, you should wash your face.

**[17~19]** 다음 중 어법상 어색한 곳을 찾아 바르게 고치시오.

**17** Whoever he goes, he takes his dog with him.

**18** Whichever arrives first should unlock the door.

**19** I'll buy you however you want for your birthday.

**[20~21]** 두 문장의 의미가 같도록 빈칸에 알맞은 관계사를 쓰시오.

**20** Anyone who comes first gets the best seat.  
= \_\_\_\_\_ comes first gets the best seat.

**21** No matter where he is, he thinks of you.  
= \_\_\_\_\_ he is, he thinks of you.

**[22~23]** 우리말과 일치하도록 관계대명사와 괄호 안의 말을 이용하여 문장을 완성하십시오.

**22** 언제 그녀를 방문하든지 간에 그녀는 자고 있을 것이다.  
(find, visit)  
ⓐ You will \_\_\_\_\_.

**23** 그가 어디에 살든 그는 이웃들과 잘 지낼 것이다.  
(get along, live)  
ⓐ He will \_\_\_\_\_.

**[24~25]** 우리말과 일치하도록 괄호 안에 주어진 단어를 배열하십시오.

**24** 당신은 어떤 것을 선택하든 간에 그것에 흥미를 느낄 것이다.  
(interested / be / you / choose, / you'll / in it / may / Whichever).

**25** 아무리 누군가 그렇게 말한다고 해도 나는 그것을 믿을 수 없다.  
(say / believe / may / so, / I / Whoever / it / can't).