

p.123

A

- 1 The man is the person (whom / whose) I talked to yesterday. 내가 어제 대화한 남자가 저 남자다.
- 2 Girls like a boy (who / whose) legs are long and strong. 소녀들은 다리가 길고 튼튼한 남자를 좋아한다.
- 3 Lena is the one (whom / whose) I go shopping with on Sundays. Lena는 일요일마다 나와 함께 쇼핑을 가는 사람이다.
- 4 I like the boy (whose / who) hair is short. 나는 머리가 짧은 저 소년을 좋아한다.
- 5 Joe is the kind of person (whom / who) will never let you down. Joe는 당신을 절대 실망시키지 않을 그런 사람이다.
- 6 The book (who / whose) author won a Pulitzer has become a bestseller. 저자가 풀리처상을 받은 그 책은 베스트셀러가 되었다.
- 7 The king was the man (whom / who) lived in the late 19th century. 그 왕은 19세기 후반에 살았던 사람이다.
- 8 She is the boss (whose / who) wants to work with me.
그녀가 나와 함께 일하고 싶어하는 상사이다.
- 9 The family (whom / whose) house burned in the fire is staying in a hotel.
집이 불에 탄 그 가족은 호텔에서 묵고 있다.
- 10 She is the one (whom / whose) I'm in love with. 그녀는 내가 사랑에 빠진 바로 그 사람이다.

B

- 1 John is my cousin who debuted as a singer last month. ()
John은 지난달에 가수로 데뷔한 내 사촌이야.
- 2 Lady Gaga is the singer whom I admire most. ()
Lady Gaga는 내가 가장 존경하는 가수이다.
- 3 This is the boy whom had an accident. () whom → who 이 아이가 그 사고를 당한 소년이야.
- 4 We saw a baby who smile is lovely. () who → whose
우리는 미소가 사랑스러운 아기를 보았다.
- 5 I know a man whose father is a lawyer. () 나는 아빠가 변호사인 사람을 알아.
- 6 The police are looking for the car whose driver was masked. ()
그 경찰들은 마스크를 쓴 운전자의 차를 찾고 있다.
- 7 This is the boy who comes from Spain. () 이 아이가 스페인에서 온 소년이야.
- 8 Did you see the children whose shouted in the street? () whose → who
너 거리에서 소리를 지른 아이들 봤니?
- 9 I talked to the girl whom bike had broken down. () whom → whose
나는 그녀의 자전거가 망가져있던 소녀와 이야기를 나누었다.
- 10 Do you know the girl who is wearing a black dress? ()
너는 검정 원피스를 입고 있는 저 소녀를 알고 있니?
- 11 I bought a book whose cover is blue. () 나는 표지가 파란색인 책을 샀다.

p.124

C

1 Nate is the boy whom rides the white bike. whom → who

Nate is the boy who rides the white bike. Nate는 하얀색 자전거를 타는 소년이다.

2 I haven't seen Frank who sister has been sick for a week. who → whose

I haven't seen Frank whose sister has been sick for a week. 나는 그의 여동생이 아픈 Frank를 일주일 동안 본 적이 없다.

3 This is the woman whom house is in green. whom → whose

This is the woman whose house is in green. 이 분이 집이 초록색인 여성분입니다.

4 Can I talk to the boy who are sitting on the bench? are → is

Can I talk to the boy who is sitting on the bench? 벤치에 앉아 있는 소년과 이야기를 할 수 있을까?

5 Bill Clinton, who was President of the USA, have one daughter. have → has

Bill Clinton, who was President of the USA, has one daughter. 미국의 대통령이었던 Bill Clinton은 한 명의 딸이 있다.

6 The person whose phoned me last night was Andrew. whose → who

The person who phoned me last night was Andrew. 어젯밤에 나에게 전화를 한 사람은 Andrew였다.

7 Students who parents are wealthy pay extra. who → whose

Students whose parents are wealthy pay extra. 부모가 부자인 학생들은 별도로 돈을 낸다.

8 Mrs. Pratt, whom is very kind, is my homeroom teacher. whom → who

Mrs Pratt, who is very kind, is my homeroom teacher. 매우 친절하신 Pratt 선생님은 나의 담임 선생님이다.

D

1 The man whom robbed the bank has no family. whom → who

The man who robbed the bank has no family. 은행을 털 그 남자는 가족이 없다.

2 I know the boy who sister is in my class. who → whose

I know the boy whose sister is in my class. 나는 그의 누나가 우리 반인 소년을 안다.

3 A man whom baby was crying tried to calm her. whom → whose

A man whose baby was crying tried to calm her. 울고 있는 아기의 아빠는 아기를 진정 시키려고 노력했다.

4 The man whom took the test was nervous. whom → who

The man who took the test was nervous. 그 시험을 본 남자는 긴장했다.

5 Do you know the guy who phone is ringing? who → whose

Do you know the guy whose phone is ringing? 그의 전화벨이 울리고 있는 저 남자를 알고 있니?

6 Is that Nicole whose brother go to school with us? go → goes

Is that Nicole whose brother goes to school with us? 그애의 오빠가 우리와 같은 학교에 다니는 애가 Nicole이야?

7 Janet is the woman whom is interested in photography. whom → who

Janet is the woman who is interested in photography. Janet은 사진에 관심이 있는 여성이다.

p.125

E

1 He is the singer. He has a lot of fans throughout the world.

He is the singer who[that] has a lot of fans throughout the world. 그는 전 세계적으로 많은 팬이 있는 가수이다.

2 I have a friend. His hair is blond.

I have a friend whose hair is blond. 나는 머리가 금발인 친구가 있다.

3 He is the man. I saw him at the park.

He is the man who(m)[that] I saw at the park. 그는 내가 공원에서 본 그 사람이다.

4 Sharon is talking to the man. I'm interested in him.

Sharon is talking to the man who(m)[that] I'm interested in. Sharon은 내가 관심있는 남자와 이야기를 나누고 있다.

5 Jake is the student. He takes care of his classmates well.

Jake is the student who takes care of his classmates well. Jake는 반 친구들을 잘 돌봐주는 학생이다.

6 Joe is the boy. His voice is soft and sweet.

Joe is the boy whose voice is soft and sweet. Joe는 부드럽고 달콤한 목소리를 가진 소년이다.

F

1 A: Do you know that boy? 너 저 소년 아니?

B: Yes, he is the boy (who / whose) helped me with the heavy bag. 응, 저 아이가 무거운 가방을 드는 것을 도와준 애야.

2 A: My smart phone has been stolen! 내 스마트폰을 도둑맞았어!

B: Really? I think I saw a person (who / whose / whom) left your classroom quickly. 정말? 나 너네 반을 급하게 나오던 사람을 본 것 같아.

3 A: What does your sister like? 네 여동생은 무엇을 좋아하니?

B: She likes a doll (who / whose / whom) name is Bobby. 그녀는 Bobby라는 이름을 가진 인형을 좋아해.

4 A: Who are the babysitters? 베이비시터는 어떤 사람들인가요?

B: Babysitters are the people who (take / takes) care of babies. 베이비시터는 아기들을 돌보는 사람들이야.

5 A: Do you know the boy (who / whose / whom) is wearing sunglasses? 너는 선글라스를 끼고 있는저 소년을 아니?

B: Yes, he is the boy (who / whose / whom) mom is a professor.

응, 저 애는 그의 엄마가 교수인 소년이야.

p.127

A

- 1 She works at a building whose rental fee is expensive.
그녀는 임대료가 비싼 건물에서 일한다.
- 2 The dress that [which] Chloe is wearing is mine. Chloe가 입고 있는 원피스는 내 것이야.
- 3 Do you have a table that [which] has four seats? 의자가 네 개있는 탁자가 있나요?
- 4 Natalie is the girl whose father is stern. Natalie는 엄격한 아버지를 둔 소녀야.
- 5 I couldn't see the video that [which] you made for this festival. 난 네가 이번 축제를 위해 만든 동영상을 못 봤어.
- 6 Is there anyone that can give me a ride to the airport? 나를 공항까지 태워다 줄 수 있는 사람 있니?
- 7 The house that [which] Sam built is large. Sam이 지은 그 집은 크다.
- 8 This is the mall that [which] had great Christmas decorations. 이곳은 멋진 크리스마스 장식을 한 몰이다.
- 9 I know a man whose son studies at Oxford. 나는 그의 아들이 옥스퍼드에서 공부하고 있는 남자를 알고 있다.
- 10 The bookstore did not have the book that [which] I wanted. 그 서점은 내가 원하는 책을 갖고 있지 않았다.

B

- 1 Did you talk to the woman whose name is Linda? () 너는 Linda라는 이름을 가진 여자와 말했니?
- 2 That is the café that sells the best coffee near in this town. ()
저곳은 이 동네에서 최상의 커피를 파는 카페이다.
- 3 She is Joan which volunteers at the orphanage every Saturday. () which → who[that] 매주 토요일에 고아원에서 봉사활동을 하는 여자는 Joan이다.
- 4 The sculpture, which he liked, was moved into the basement. () 그가 좋아했던 그 조각은 지하로 옮겨졌다.
- 5 The one whose card are red wins the game. () are → is
빨간색 카드를 가지고 있는 사람이 게임에서 승리한다.
- 6 The woman whose husband is tall will go on a trip to New York. ()
남편이 키가 큰 그 여자는 뉴욕으로 여행을 갈 것이다.
- 7 This is the umbrella of which I lost. () of which → which[that]
이게 제가 잃어버렸던 우산이에요.
- 8 The motorcycle which he is driving looks dangerous. ()
그가 운전하고 있는 오토바이는 위험해 보인다.
- 9 There were only few students which could understand my lecture. ()
which → that[who] 내 강의를 이해한 학생은 소수에 불과하다.
- 10 The old lady that lives next door is very rich. ()
옆집에 살고 있는 나이 드신 여성분은 아주 부자다.
- 11 The waiter gave me the food whose I didn't order. () whose → which[that]
종업원은 내가 주문하지 않은 음식을 내게 가져왔다.

p.128

C

- 1 Scarlet is the girl which won the competition. which → that[who]
Scarlet is the girl that[who] won the competition. Scarlet은 그 경기에서 우승한 소녀이다.
- 2 Is this the backpack of which you borrowed from Jason? of which → that [which]
Is this the backpack that [which] you borrowed from Jason? 이것이 네가 Jason에게 빌린 가방이니?
- 3 This is the only question whose I got wrong. whose → that
This is the only question that I got wrong. 이것이 내가 틀린 유일한 문제이다.
- 4 I want that camera which strap is leather. which → whose
I want that camera whose strap is leather. 나는 그것의 끈이 가죽인 카메라를 원한다.
- 5 I can't find the pencil case whose I bought in Australia. whose → that [which]
I can't find the pencil case that [which] I bought in Australia. 나는 호주에서 산 필통을 찾을 수 없다.
- 6 Did you check the message whom I sent you this morning? whom → that [which]
Did you check the message that [which] I sent you this morning? 오늘 아침에 내가 보낸 메시지를 확인했니?
- 7 Where did you get the bike which wheels are yellow? which → whose
Where did you get the bike whose wheels are yellow? 너는 바퀴가 노란색인 자전거를 받았니?

D

- 1 I read a story about a man that dog had saved his life. that → whose
I read a story about a man whose dog had saved his life. 나는 기르던 강아지에 의해 목숨을 구한 남자에 관한 글을 읽었다.
- 2 I have a cousin which is really afraid of spiders. which → who
I have a cousin who is really afraid of spiders. 나는 거미를 정말 무서워하는 사촌이 있다.
- 3 The man, which father is a composer, also works as a composer. which → whose
The man, whose father is a composer, also works as a composer.
아빠가 작곡가인 그 남자는 역시 작곡가로 일하고 있다.
- 4 This is the only film whom scares me. whom → that
This is the only film that scares me. 이것은 나를 겁먹게 하는 유일한 영화이다.
- 5 He could answer every question of which I asked. of which → that
He could answer every question that I asked. 그는 내가 물은 모든 질문에 대답할 수 있었다.
- 6 Min is the girl whom speaks English with a British accent. whom → that [who]
Min is the girl that [who] speaks English with a British accent. Min은 영국식 발음으로 영어를 말하는 소녀야.
- 7 This is the best idea whom you have ever had! whom → that
This is the best idea that you have ever had! 네가 했던 생각 중에 이게 가장 좋다!
- 8 The house whose has a large pool is my house. whose → that [which]
The house that [which] has a large pool is my house. 큰 수영장이 있는 그 집이 우리 집이다.

p. 129

E

1 Did you see the house? Its gate is made of glass.

Did you see the house whose gate is made of glass? 너 문이 유리로 만들어진 그 집 봤니?

2 This is the tower. It is the highest in the world.

This is the tower which[that] is the highest in the world. 이것이 세계에서 가장 높은 탑이야.

3 Look at the classroom. It had Halloween decorations!

Look at the classroom which[that] had Halloween decoration! 핼러윈 장식을 한 저 교실을 봐!

4 Have you seen his car? The tires of his car are red.

Have you seen his car whose tires are red? 너는 타이어가 빨간색인 그의 차를 본 적이 있니?

5 This is the store. It sells only organic ingredients.

This is the store which[that] sells only organic ingredients. 이곳이 유기농 재료만 판매하는 가게야.

6 The memo was very informative. Paul wrote it.

The memo which[that] Paul wrote was very informative. Paul이 쓴 그 메모는 아주 유익했다.

7 I like the movies. Their endings are happy.

I like the movies whose endings are happy. 나는 결말이 행복한 영화를 좋아한다.

F

1 A: What did Dad give to you? 아빠가 너에겐 무엇을 줬어?

B: He gave me this wallet (that / of which) he bought in the US. 미국에서 사오신 이 지갑을 주셨어.

2 A: Did you buy a house? 집 샀니?

B: Yes, I bought one (which / whose) garden is large. 응, 큰 정원이 있는 집을 샀어.

3 A: What's in the drawer? 서랍 안에는 뭐가 들었니?

B: It's a pencil case (which / of which) I no longer use. 내가 사용하지 않는 필통이야.

4 A: Is this the bus (whose / which) goes to Gangnam Station? 이게 강남역까지 가는 버스인가요?

B: No, you should take the bus on the opposite side. 아니요. 당신은 반대쪽에서 버스를 타야 해요.

5 A: A man over there is looking for you. Who is he? 저쪽에 있는 남자가 너를 찾는다. 그는 누구야?

B: He is the man (whom / which) I need to interview today. 그는 내가 오늘 면접 봐야 하는 사람이야.

p.132

A

- 1 This is the house (that / whose) windows were broken. 여기는 창문이 부서진 집이다.
- 2 Can you show me (that / what) you have in your bag? 네 가방에 든 것을 보여줄 수 있니?
- 3 You are the only person (that / what) can help me. 네가 나를 도와줄 수 있는 유일한 사람이다.
- 4 She answers every letter (who / that) she receives. 그녀는 그녀가 받는 모든 편지에 답장을 한다.
- 5 I was curious (that / what) the teacher told Jane. 나는 선생님이 Jane에게 뭐라고 말씀했는지 궁금했다.
- 6 This is the doll (which / whose) my mother made for me. 이것은 나의 엄마가 나를 위해 만들어 준 인형이다.
- 7 It was the best music (which / that) I've ever heard. 그것은 내가 들은 중 최고의 음악이었다.
- 8 (What / That) he showed us is just a trick. 그가 우리에게 보여준 것은 단지 속임수이다.
- 9 Benet was the first man (which / that) enjoyed my mom's pie. Benet은 우리 엄마의 파이를 좋아하는 최초의 사람이다.
- 10 The driver and his car (which / that) fell into the water have not been found. 물 속에 빠진 그 운전사와 차는 아직도 발견되지 않았다.

B

- 1 The soldier wounded in the war came back. ()
전쟁에서 부상을 당한 그 군인이 돌아왔다.
- 2 This is the very book which I've been looking for. () which → that
이것은 내가 찾던 바로 그 책이다.
- 3 I don't want to do what you just asked me. ()
나는 네가 방금 나에게 시킨 것을 하고 싶지 않다.
- 4 Who is the man standing next to the door? () 문 옆에 서 있는 남자는 누구니?
- 5 She is the only student whom is well-mannered. () whom → that
그녀는 유일하게 예절 바른 학생이다.
- 6 Was this the best choice which you could make? () which → that
이게 네가 할 수 있는 최선의 선택이었니?
- 7 I'm sorry, but this isn't what I wanted. () 미안하지만 이건 제가 원하던 게 아니네요.
- 8 This is the house my grandparents live. () house → house in which/live → live
in 여기가 나의 조부모님께서 사시는 곳이다.
- 9 Think about what you have done to him since last week. ()
지난주부터 네가 그에게 한 것을 생각해 봐라.
- 10 Are these your shoes of whose shoelaces are sky blue? () of whose → of
which/whose 운동화 끈이 하늘색인 신발이 네 것이니?

p.133

C

1 I don't know what we will be doing tonight. (R.P. / I)

나는 오늘밤에 우리가 무엇을 하게 될지 모른다.

2 Did you show them all that you had in your bag? (R.P. / I)

너는 그들에게 네 가방에 있던 것을 모두 보여 주었니?

3 I asked what the students are doing on the stage. (R.P. / I)

나는 학생들이 무대에서 무엇을 하고 있는지 물었다.

4 This is the same umbrella that I bought yesterday. (R.P. / I) 이것은 내가 어제 산 것과 같은 우산이다.

5 What they need is a little concern from people. (R.P. / I)

그들에게 필요한 것은 사람들의 작은 관심이다.

6 I hid what I was writing to the teacher. (R.P. / I) 나는 내가 선생님께 쓰고 있던 것을 숨겼다.

7 Who persuaded you to join the club? (R.P. / I) 누가 너를 그 동아리에 가입하도록 설득했니?

8 He was the third man that I talked to in English. (R.P. / I) 그는 내가 영어로 대화를 나눈 세 번째 사람이었다.

D

1 Sharon did not like that the salesman recommended. that → what

Sharon did not like what the salesman recommended. Sharon은 그 판매원이 추천한 것을 좋아하지 않았다.

2 Daniel is the only person whom I can trust all the time. whom → that

Daniel is the only person that I can trust all the time. Daniel은 내가 항상 믿을 수 있는 유일한 사람이다.

3 This is the scarf what my girlfriend knitted for me. what → that [which]

This is the scarf that [which] my girlfriend knitted for me. 이것은 내 여자 친구가 나를 위해 떠 준 목도리이다.

4 I returned all the items which I bought in that store. which → that

I returned all the items that I bought in that store. 나는 그 가게에서 산 모든 아이템들을 반송했다.

5 I will cook that you want to have for dinner. that → what

I will cook what you want to have for dinner. 나는 네가 저녁으로 먹고 싶어하는 것을 요리할 거야.

6 Are these the jeans who pockets are heart-shaped? who → whose

Are these the jeans whose pockets are heart-shaped? 이게 하트 모양 주머니를 가진 청바지니?

7 The only person which can take this job is Michelle. which → that

The only person that can take this job is Michelle. 이 일을 맡을 유일한 사람은 Michelle이다.

8 That is the same as which I brought here. which → what

That is the same as what I brought here. 그건 내가 여기 가져온 것이라 똑같아.

p.134

E

1 This is the smallest book that I have ever seen.

This is the smallest book I have ever seen. 이것은 내가 본 중에 가장 작은 책이다.

2 The boy who is dancing over there is my brother.

The boy dancing over there is my brother. 저쪽에서 춤을 추고 있는 남자애가 내 동생이야.

3 This is all the money that we have.

This is all the money we have. 이 돈은 우리가 가진 전부이다.

4 History is not the subject that I'm interested in.

History is not the subject I'm interested in. 역사는 내가 관심 있어하는 과목이 아니다.

5 The boy who was scolded by the teacher is Nick.

The boy scolded by the teacher is Nick. 선생님께 꾸중을 들은 소년은 Nick이야.

6 I have never hung out with the girls who are eating lunch over there.

I have never hung out with the girls eating lunch over there. 나는 저쪽에서 점심을 먹고 있는 여자애들과는 함께 논 적이 없다.

7 The car that was damaged by the storm is my father's.

The car damaged by the storm is my father's. 그 폭풍 때문에 피해를 입은 차는 우리 아빠의 것이야.

F

1 A: Who is he? 저 남자애는 누구니?

B: He is the man who[that] came from Los Angeles. 저 애가 Los Angeles에서 온 그 남자애야.

2 A: Please hand me the book whose cover is red. 표지가 빨간색인 책 좀 건네줘.

B: Here you are. 여기 있어.

3 A: Do you know who sent you these flowers? 너한테 누가 이 꽃을 보냈는지 아니?

B: I have no idea. 모르겠어.

4 A: Help yourself to some cookies here. 여기 있는 쿠키를 마음껏 먹어라.

B: This is the most delicious cookie that I have ever eaten! 이걸 제가 먹어 본 중 가장 맛있는 쿠키예요!

5 A: I think Mike should carefully listen to the doctor. 난 Mike가 의사의 말에 좀 더 귀 기울여 한다고 생각해.

B: That's exactly what I told him. 그게 바로 내가 그에게 한 말이야.